



# NEWSLETTER

SMOOTH FABRICS

PRINTED PATTERNS FABRICS

MINKY

ELASTIC FABRICS

HABERDASHERY

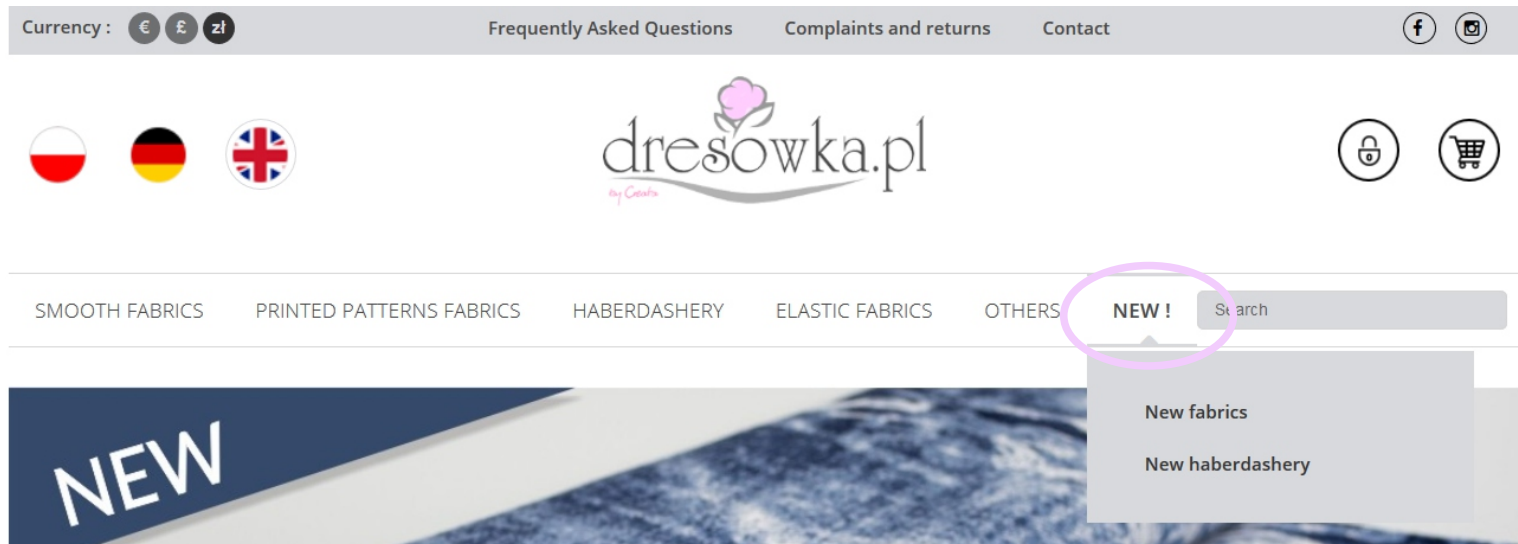


Welcome 🤗

We begin September at dresowka.pl with some surprises for you including the news in our fabrics:

\*First of them is our Newsletter where you could always find out our news, interesting information, pre-release photos and oncoming projects – you can get to know dresowka behind the scenes 🤗

\*Second equally important is our NEW! icon which is now set on the main site of our store (awaited by many for so long 🤗), we hope this function will let you find easier our new products.



\*Third surprise is our SEWING BLOG which is under way to run in the middle of September. On the blog you can find sewing tutorials, templates with sewing instructions, tips, fabrics science and answers for many questions related to sewing.

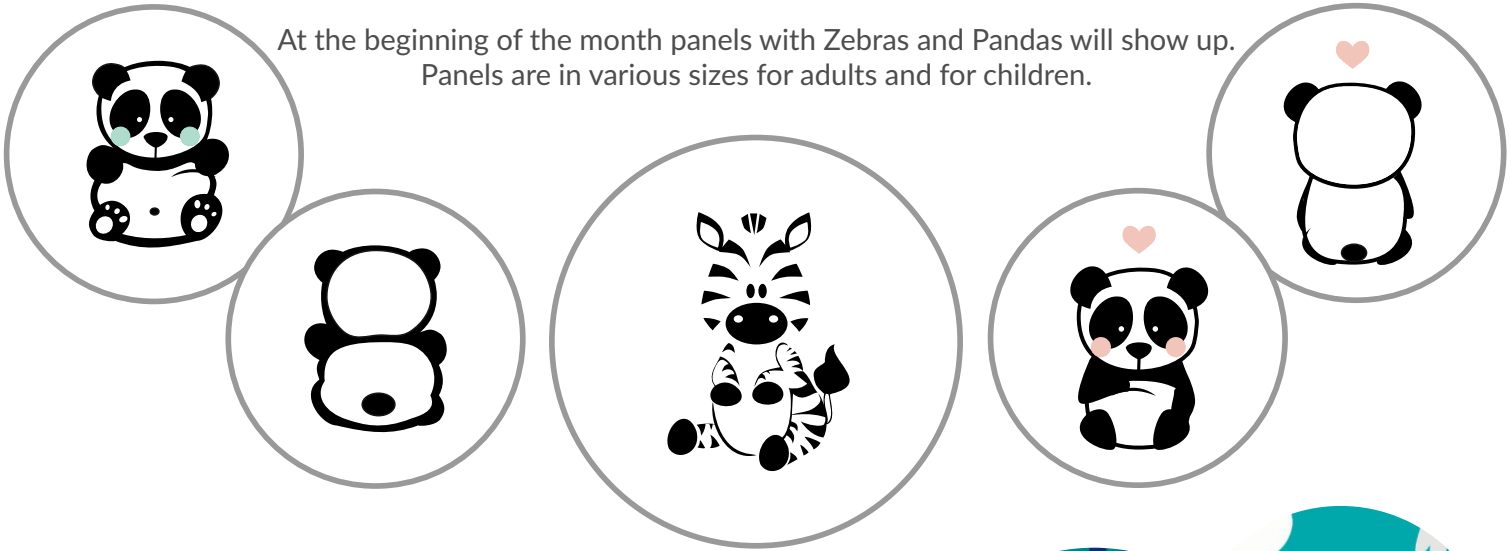
Our blogger will also help in technical matters.



\*Soon we want to launch contests organized by the department of haberdashery so you can get fine prizes.

\*In terms of our bright future for October we wish to prepare samplers of our printed patterns fabrics.

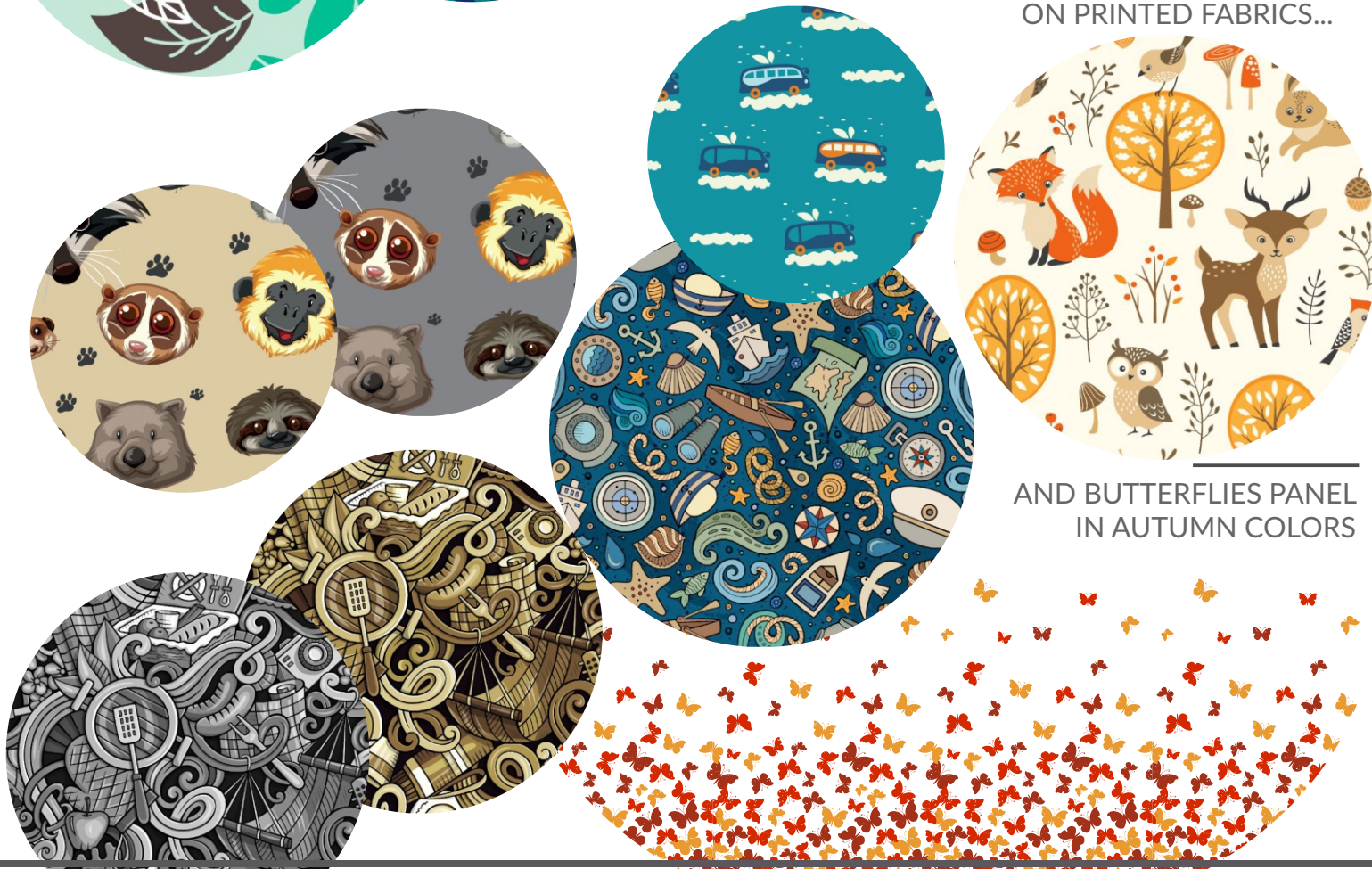
At the beginning of the month panels with Zebras and Pandas will show up.  
Panels are in various sizes for adults and for children.



THE NEW COLLECTION OF OUR DESIGNER:  
EWA BRZozowska



BRAND NEW PATTERNS  
ON PRINTED FABRICS...



AND BUTTERFLIES PANEL  
IN AUTUMN COLORS

## Some of fabrics science

Do you know that from the photography you are able to evaluate the amount of polyester in melanged fabrics? **It's easy :)**

The purpose of this article is to dispel so common myths in the textile industry. We can understand that lack of salesman knowledge causing mistakes but usage of certificates which mismatch to the products or cheating on fabrics composition are anomalies that we can not accept.



### EVERY MELANGED FABRIC CONTAINS POLYESTER\*

With few exceptions shown at the end of this article.

The key to recognition of the amount of polyester (or any other made fiber) in the melanged fabrics is understanding of the process for its production. Melange fiber is composed from together twisted fibers of cotton (linen, viscose, other nautural fibers) and made fiber (polyester). This composition afterwards goes to coloration in two different processes (double-bath dyeing). In the dye to natural fibers we colour cotton and in the dye to made fibers we colour polyester, dyes do not react to each other and colour only predestinated fibers.

In this way we get melanged fabric

Let's go to the point. When you see two colors on the melanged surface, try to evaluate how much percent goes for the first natural fiber color and how much percent goes for the second made fiber color!

Here are examples:

#### - melanz jasnoszary M-01



- melange light gray  
(around 5% of polyester in the cotton fiber)

#### -eko-melanz M-02



- melange dark gray  
(around 20% of polyester in the cotton fiber)

#### -melanz grafitowy z pęczkami



- graphite melange with banches  
(around 45% of polyester in the cotton fiber)

It is not the laboratory method however it gives you insight to what kind of product you buy. We know that on the market there are frauds such as graphite melange with banches 95% of cotton, 5% of elastan and we probably never will come up to this kind of creative ideas if our customers will not ask us why our fellow competition have melanged products with almost 100% of cotton...

In this case the actual composition of the product is easy to quickly evaluate on the eye glance assessment. We think it is good to know such details to avoid scams and disappointments. Content of polyester in the melanged fabrics it is aesthetic matter, not disqualifying fabric of any kind.

\*There are also melanged fabrics without polyester.

You can print it, like this example:



- you can get them from the twist of two pre-dyed cotton fibers  
- the floss effect, like this example:



- it is possible to get melanged fabric from the twist of cotton and linen fibers, which are not coloured (melange effect comes from the difference between cotton and linen colours).  
In case of dyeing those fibers will come up to one the same colour.



THERE ARE ALSO OTHER METHODS BUT KEPT IN SECRET BY MANUFACTURERS.  
WE HAVE NOT SEEN THOSE KIND OF PRODUCTS ON THE MARKET YET.

## CONTACT

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In case of urgent question, outside of working hours we encourage to communicate us on the Facebook fabpage: <https://www.facebook.com/dresowka>  
<https://www.facebook.com/dresowka.de/>

and our contact group:

<https://www.facebook.com/groups/580996865371431/>

you will find us also on instagram:

<https://www.instagram.com/pl.dresowka/>